1	TO THE HONORABLE SENATE:
2	The Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs to
3	which was referred Senate Bill No. 220 entitled "An act relating to amending
4	the workers' compensation law, establishing a registry of sole contractors,
5	increasing the funds available to the Department of Tourism and Marketing for
6	advertising, and regulating legacy insurance transfers" respectfully reports that
7	it has considered the same and recommends that the bill be amended by
8	striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
9	* * * One-Stop Business Support Services * * *
10	Sec. 1. ONE-STOP SHOP WEB PORTAL
11	(a) Purpose. The State of Vermont seeks to simplify the process for
12	businesses creation and growth by providing:
13	(1) a clear guide to resources and technical assistance for all phases of
14	growth;
15	(2) a directory of financial assistance, including grants, funding capital,
16	tax credits, and incentives;
17	(3) a directory of workforce development assistance, including
18	recruiting, job postings, and training;
19	(4) a link to centralized business services available from the Secretary of
20	State, the Department of Labor, the Department of Taxes, and others; and
21	(5) agency contacts and links for available services and resources.

1	(b) Administration. The Agency of Commerce and Community
2	Development shall coordinate with relevant agencies and departments within
3	State government and its outside partners, including regional development
4	corporations and small business development centers, to provide
5	comprehensive business services, including a "First Stop" website, regional
6	coaching teams, print materials, and other outreach.
7	(c) Implementation.
8	(1) Phase 1. On or before the end of fiscal year 2015, the Agency of
9	Commerce and Community Development shall complete necessary partner
10	outreach and collaboration and an inventory of existing websites, shall
11	determine the appropriate content to be included on the web portal, and shall
12	update its current website to include links to State agencies and departments
13	with regulatory oversight and authority over Vermont businesses.
14	(2) Phase 2. On or before the end of fiscal year 2015, the Agency of
15	Commerce and Community Development shall edit and organize the content to
16	be included on the website.
17	(3) Phase 3. On or before the end of fiscal year 2016, the Agency of
18	Commerce and Community Development shall complete the design and
19	mapping of the website.

1	(4) Phase 4. On or before the end of fiscal year 2016, the Agency of
2	Commerce and Community Development shall complete a communications
3	and outreach plan with a final funding proposal for the project.
4	(d) Future funding. The Agency of Commerce and Community
5	Development shall develop funding proposals for Phases 3 and 4 for fiscal year
6	<u>2016.</u>
7	* * * Vermont Entrepreneurial Lending Program;
8	Vermont Entrepreneurial Investment Tax Credit * * *
9	Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. chapter 12 is amended to read:
10	CHAPTER 12. VERMONT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
11	AUTHORITY
12	* * *
13	Subchapter 12. Technology Loan Vermont Entrepreneurial Lending
14	Program
15	§ 280aa. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE
16	(a)(1) Technology based companies Vermont-based seed, start-up, and
17	growth-stage businesses are a vital source of innovation, employment, and
18	economic growth in Vermont. The continued development and success of this
19	
	increasingly important sector of Vermont's economy these businesses is

(2) Because the primary assets of technology based companies
sometimes seed, start-up, and growth-stage businesses often consist almost
entirely of intellectual property or insufficient tangible assets to support
conventional lending, such these companies frequently do not have access to
conventional means of raising capital, such as asset-based bank financing.
(b) To support the growth of technology based companies seed, start-up,
and growth-stage businesses and the resultant creation of high-wage
employment in Vermont, a technology loan program is established under this
subchapter the General Assembly hereby creates in this subchapter the
Vermont Entrepreneurial Lending Program to support the growth and
development of seed, start-up, and growth-stage businesses.
§ 280bb. TECHNOLOGY LOAN VERMONT ENTREPRENEURIAL
<u>LENDING</u> PROGRAM
(a) There is created a technology (TECH) loan program the Vermont
Entrepreneurial Lending Program to be administered by the Vermont economic
development authority Economic Development Authority. The program
Program shall seek to meet the working capital and capital-asset financing
needs of technology based companies start-up, early stage, and growth-stage
businesses in Vermont. The Program shall specifically seek to fulfill capital
requirement needs that are unmet in Vermont, including:

1	(1) investments up to \$100,000.00 for manufacturing businesses with
2	innovative products that typically reflect long-term growth;
3	(2) investments from \$250,000.00 through \$2,000,000.00 in
4	growth-stage companies whose capital needs exceed the current capacity of
5	public and private entrepreneurial financing sources; and
6	(3) investments in businesses that are unable to access adequate capital
7	resources because the primary assets of these businesses are typically
8	intellectual property or similar nontangible assets.
9	(b) The economic development authority Authority shall establish such
10	adopt regulations, policies, and procedures for the program Program as are
11	necessary to carry out the purposes of this subchapter. The authority's lending
12	eriteria shall include consideration of in-state competition and whether a
13	company has made reasonable efforts to secure capital in the private sector
14	increase the amount of investment funds available to Vermont businesses
15	whose capital requirements are not being met by conventional lending sources.
16	(c) When considering entrepreneurial lending through the Program, the
17	Authority shall give additional consideration and weight to an application of a
18	business whose business model and practices will have a demonstrable effect
19	in achieving other public policy goals of the State, including:

1	(1) The business will create jobs in strategic sectors such as the
2	knowledge-based economy, renewable energy, advanced manufacturing, wood
3	products manufacturing, and value-added agricultural processing.
4	(2) The business is located in a designated downtown, village center,
5	growth center, or other significant geographic location recognized by the State.
6	(3) The business adopts energy and thermal efficiency practices in its
7	operations or otherwise operates in a way that reflects a commitment to green
8	energy principles.
9	(4) The business will create jobs that pay a livable wage and significant
10	benefits to Vermont employees.
11	(d) The Authority shall include provisions in the terms of a entrepreneurial
12	loan made under the Program to ensure that an entrepreneurial loan recipient
13	shall maintain operations within the State for a minimum of five years from the
14	date on which the recipient receives the entrepreneurial loan funds from the
15	Authority.
16	* * *
17	Sec. 3. VERMONT ENTREPRENEURIAL LENDING PROGRAM; LOAN
18	LOSS RESERVE FUNDS; CAPITALIZATION; PRIVATE
19	CAPITAL; APPROPRIATION
20	The Vermont Economic Development Authority shall capitalize loan loss
21	reserves for the Vermont Entrepreneurial Lending Program created in

1	10 V.S.A. § 280bb with up to \$1,000,000.00 from Authority funds or eligible
2	federal funds currently administered by the Authority.
3	(b) The Vermont Economic Development Authority shall use the funds
4	allocated to the Program, as referenced in subsection (a) of this section, solely
5	for the purpose of establishing and maintaining loan loss reserves to guarantee
6	entrepreneurial loans.
7	Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § 5930zz is added to read:
8	§ 5930zz. VERMONT ENTREPRENEURIAL INVESTMENT TAX
9	<u>CREDITS</u>
10	(a) A person may receive a credit against his or her income tax imposed
11	by this chapter in an amount equal to 50 percent of his or her direct investment
12	in a Vermont-domiciled business that had gross revenues in the preceding
13	12 months of less than \$3,000,000.00.
14	(b) A person who owns or controls 50.1 percent or more of the business
15	and members of his or her immediate family or household are not eligible for
16	the credit under this section.
17	(c)(1) A person may claim no more than 25 percent of the amount of a
18	credit under this section in a single tax year and may not use the credit to
19	reduce the amount of tax due under this chapter by more than 50 percent of the
20	person's liability in a taxable year.

1	(2) A person may carry forward any unused portion of a credit for five
2	additional years beyond the year in which an eligible investment was made.
3	(d) A person who makes a direct investment contribution and thereby
4	qualifies for a credit pursuant to this section shall not have a right to receive a
5	return of the person's principal for a period of five years; provided, however,
6	that the investor may have the right to receive stock options, warrants, or other
7	forms of return that are not in the nature of return of principal.
8	(e) A person that qualifies for a credit pursuant to this section shall
9	annually report to the Department of Taxes the total number and amounts of
10	investments received, the number of employees, the number of jobs created
11	and retained, annual payroll, total sales revenue in the 12 months preceding the
12	date of the report, and any additional information required by the Department.
13	(f) The total value of credits awarded pursuant to this section shall not
14	exceed \$6,000,000.00.
15	Secs. 5–7. RESERVED
16	* * * Energy Rates for Manufacturers * * *
17	Sec. 8. CREATION OF MANUFACTURING RATE CLASSES
18	(a) As used in this section, a "manufacturing business" means a business
19	engaged in one or more of the activities classified under North American
20	Industry Classification System (NAICS) Sector 31–33.

1	(b) Notwithstanding 30 V.S.A. § 209 and any other provision of law to the
2	contrary, a manufacturing business shall have the right to opt out of the energy
3	efficiency charge, provided that if a business exercises its right to opt out of the
4	energy efficiency charge:
5	(1) that business shall have no further eligibility to participate in
6	State-sponsored energy efficiency programs under 30 V.S.A. § 209 or other
7	relevant provision of law; and
8	(2) the energy efficiency charge shall not be increased on any other
9	person, but rather, the total amounts available from the charge shall be
10	reduced.
11	(c)(1) On or before July 15, 2014, the Public Service Board shall open a
12	docket or convene a working group to explore potential changes to the method
13	used to assess utility rates for manufacturing businesses in order to achieve a
14	minimum 10 percent reduction in electricity costs from the amount paid by
15	manufacturers in 2012.
16	(2) The Board shall report to the General Assembly, as soon as
17	practicable, its findings, potential regulatory or statutory changes, potential
18	increase in net economic activity realized by a decrease in rates, and any other
19	information the Board determines appropriate.

1	* * * Domestic Export Program * * *
2	Sec. 9. DOMESTIC MARKET ACCESS PROGRAM FOR VERMONT
3	AGRICULTURE AND FOREST PRODUCTS
4	(a) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, in collaboration with
5	the Agency of Commerce and Community Development and the Chief
6	Marketing Officer, shall create a Domestic Export Program Pilot Project within
7	the "Made in Vermont" designation program, the purpose of which shall be to:
8	(1) connect Vermont producers with brokers, buyers, and distributors in
9	other U.S. state and regional markets,
10	(2) provide technical and marketing assistance to Vermont producers to
11	convert these connections into increased sales and sustainable commercial
12	relationships; and
13	(3) provide matching grants of up to \$2,000.00 per business per year to
14	attend trade shows and similar events to expand producers' market presence in
15	other U.S. states.
16	(b) There is appropriated in Fiscal Year 2015 from the General Fund to the
17	Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets the amount of \$75,000.00 to
18	implement the provisions of this section.

1	* * * Cloud Tax * * *
2	Secs. 10–14. RESERVED
3	Sec. 15. SALES TAX ON PREWRITTEN SOFTWARE DOES NOT APPLY
4	TO REMOTELY ACCESSED SOFTWARE
5	(a) The imposition of sales and use tax on prewritten computer software by
6	32 V.S.A. chapter 233 shall not apply to charges for remotely accessed
7	software made after December 31, 2006.
8	(b) In this section, "charges for remotely accessed software" means charges
9	for the right to access and use prewritten software run on underlying
10	infrastructure that is not managed or controlled by the consumer.
11	(c) Enforcement of the sales and use tax imposed on the purchase of
12	specified digital products pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 9771(8) is not affected by
13	this section.
14	* * * Capital Gains Tax Exclusions * * *
15	Sec. 16. 32 V.S.A. § 5811 is amended to read:
16	§ 5811. DEFINITIONS
17	* * *
18	(21) "Taxable income" means federal taxable income determined
19	without regard to Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and:
20	(A) Increased by the following items of income (to the extent such
21	income is excluded from federal adjusted gross income):

1	(i) interest income from non-Vermont state and local obligations;
2	(ii) dividends or other distributions from any fund to the extent
3	they are attributable to non-Vermont state or local obligations; and
4	(iii) the amount in excess of \$5,000.00 of state and local income
5	taxes deducted from federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year, but in
6	no case in an amount that will reduce total itemized deductions below the
7	standard deduction allowable to the taxpayer; and
8	(B) Decreased by the following items of income (to the extent such
9	income is included in federal adjusted gross income):
10	(i) income from United States government obligations;
11	(ii) with respect to adjusted net capital gain income as defined in
12	Section 1(h) of the Internal Revenue Code: either the first \$5,000.00 of
13	adjusted net capital gain income; or 40 percent of adjusted net capital gain
14	income from the sale of assets held by the taxpayer for more than three years,
15	except not adjusted net capital gain income from:
16	(I) the sale of any real estate or portion of real estate used by
17	the taxpayer as a primary or nonprimary residence; or
18	(II) the sale of depreciable personal property other than farm
19	property and standing timber; or stocks or bonds publicly traded or traded on
20	an exchange, or any other financial instruments; regardless of whether sold by
21	an individual or business;

1	and provided that the total amount of decrease under this subdivision
2	(21)(B)(ii) shall not exceed 40 percent of federal taxable income; and
3	(iii) recapture of state State and local income tax deductions not
4	taken against Vermont income tax.
5	Secs. 17–18. RESERVED
6	* * * Criminal Penalties for Computer Crimes * * *
7	Sec. 21. 13 V.S.A. chapter 87 is amended to read:
8	CHAPTER 87. COMPUTER CRIMES
9	* * *
10	§ 4104. ALTERATION, DAMAGE, OR INTERFERENCE
11	(a) A person shall not intentionally and without lawful authority, alter,
12	damage, or interfere with the operation of any computer, computer system,
13	computer network, computer software, computer program, or data contained in
14	such computer, computer system, computer program, or computer network.
15	(b) Penalties. A person convicted of violating this section shall be:
16	(1) if the damage or loss does not exceed \$500.00 for a first offense,
17	imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than \$500.00 \$5,000.00,
18	or both;
19	(2) if the damage or loss does not exceed \$500.00 for a second or
20	subsequent offense, imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than
21	\$1,000.00 \$10,000.00, or both; or

1	(3) if the damage or loss exceeds \$500.00, imprisoned not more than
2	10 years or fined not more than \$10,000.00 \$25,000.00, or both.
3	§ 4105. THEFT OR DESTRUCTION
4	(a)(1) A person shall not intentionally and without claim of right deprive
5	the owner of possession, take, transfer, copy, conceal, or retain possession of,
6	or intentionally and without lawful authority, destroy any computer system,
7	computer network, computer software, computer program, or data contained in
8	such computer, computer system, computer program, or computer network.
9	(2) Copying a commercially available computer program or computer
10	software is not a crime under this section, provided that the computer program
11	and computer software has a retail value of \$500.00 or less and is not copied
12	for resale.
13	(b) Penalties. A person convicted of violating this section shall be:
14	(1) if the damage or loss does not exceed \$500.00 for a first offense,
15	imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than \$500.00 \$5,000.00,
16	or both;
17	(2) if the damage or loss does not exceed \$500.00 for a second or
18	subsequent offense, imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than
19	\$1,000.00 <u>\$10,000.00</u> , or both; or
20	(3) if the damage or loss exceeds \$500.00, imprisoned not more than
21	10 years or fined not more than \$10,000.00 \$25,000.00, or both.

1	§ 4106. CIVIL LIABILITY
2	A person damaged as a result of a violation of this chapter may bring a civil
3	action against the violator for damages, costs and fees including reasonable
4	attorney's fees, and such other relief as the court deems appropriate.
5	* * *
6	* * * Statute of Limitations to Commence Action
7	for Misappropriation of Trade Secrets * * *
8	Sec. 22. 12 V.S.A. § 523 is amended to read:
9	§ 523. TRADE SECRETS
10	An action for misappropriation of trade secrets under <u>9 V.S.A.</u> chapter 143
11	of Title 9 shall be commenced within three five years after the cause of action
12	accrues, and not after. The cause of action shall be deemed to accrue as of the
13	date the misappropriation was discovered or reasonably should have been
14	discovered.
15	* * * Protection of Trade Secrets * * *
16	Sec. 23. 9 V.S.A. chapter 143 is amended to read:
17	CHAPTER 143. TRADE SECRETS
18	§ 4601. DEFINITIONS
19	As used in this chapter:

1	(1) "Improper means" includes theft, bribery, misrepresentation, breach
2	or inducement of a breach of a duty to maintain secrecy, or espionage through
3	electronic or other means.
4	(2) "Misappropriation" means:
5	(A) acquisition of a trade secret of another by a person who knows or
6	has reason to know that the trade secret was acquired by improper means; or
7	(B) disclosure or use of a trade secret of another without express or
8	implied consent by a person who:
9	(i) used improper means to acquire knowledge of the trade
10	secret; or
11	(ii) at the time of disclosure or use, knew or had reason to know
12	that his or her knowledge of the trade secret was:
13	(I) derived from or through a person who had utilized improper
14	means to acquire it;
15	(II) acquired under circumstances giving rise to a duty to
16	maintain its secrecy or limit its use; or
17	(III) derived from or through a person who owed a duty to the
18	person seeking relief to maintain its secrecy or limit its use; or
19	(iii) before a material change of his or her position, knew or had
20	reason to know that it was a trade secret and that knowledge of it had been
21	acquired by accident or mistake.

2	compilation, program, device, method, technique, or process, that:
3	(A) derives independent economic value, actual or potential, from
4	not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper
5	means by, other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or
6	use; and
7	(B) is the subject of efforts that are reasonable under the
8	circumstances to maintain its secrecy.
9	§ 4602. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
10	(a) Actual A court may enjoin actual or threatened misappropriation may

(3) "Trade secret" means information, including a formula, pattern,

- (a) Actual A court may enjoin actual or threatened misappropriation may be enjoined of a trade secret. Upon application to the court, an injunction shall be terminated when the trade secret has ceased to exist, but the injunction may be continued for an additional reasonable period of time in order to eliminate commercial advantage that otherwise would be derived from the misappropriation.
- (b) In exceptional circumstances, an injunction may condition future use upon payment of a reasonable royalty for no longer than the period of time for which use could have been prohibited. Exceptional circumstances include, but are not limited to, a material and prejudicial change of position prior to acquiring knowledge or reason to know of misappropriation that renders a prohibitive injunction inequitable.

1	(c) In appropriate circumstances, affirmative acts to protect a trade secret
2	may be compelled by court order.
3	§ 4603. DAMAGES
4	(a)(1) Except to the extent that a material and prejudicial change of position
5	prior to acquiring knowledge or reason to know of misappropriation renders a
6	monetary recovery inequitable, a complainant is entitled to recover damages
7	for misappropriation.
8	(2) Damages can include both the actual loss caused by
9	misappropriation and the unjust enrichment caused by misappropriation that is
10	not taken into account in computing actual loss.
11	(3) In lieu of damages measured by any other methods, the damages
12	caused by misappropriation may be measured by imposition of liability for a
13	reasonable royalty for a misappropriator's unauthorized disclosure or use of a
14	trade secret.
15	(4) A court shall award a successful complainant his or her costs and
16	fees, including reasonable attorney's fees, arising from a misappropriation of
17	the complainant's trade secret.
18	(b) If malicious misappropriation exists, the court may award punitive
19	damages.

18

19

trade secret.

1	§ 4605. PRESERVATION OF SECRECY
2	In an action under this chapter, a court shall preserve the secrecy of an
3	alleged trade secret by reasonable means, which may include granting
4	protective orders in connection with discovery proceedings, holding in-camera
5	hearings, sealing the records of the action, and ordering any person involved in
6	the litigation not to disclose an alleged trade secret without prior court
7	approval.
8	§ 4607. EFFECT ON OTHER LAW
9	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, this chapter
10	displaces conflicting tort, restitutionary, and any other law of this state
11	providing civil remedies for misappropriation of a trade secret.
12	(b) This chapter does not affect:
13	(1) contractual remedies, whether or not based upon misappropriation of
14	a trade secret;
15	(2) other civil remedies that are not based upon misappropriation of a
16	trade secret; or

(3) criminal remedies, whether or not based upon misappropriation of a

* * *

Contracting * * * Sec. 24. 3 V.S.A. §§ 346 and 347 are added to read: § 346. STATE CONTRACTING; INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, SOFTWARE DESIGN, AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
§ 346. STATE CONTRACTING; INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY,
SOFTWARE DESIGN, AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
(a) The Secretary of Administration shall adopt standard provisions to
include in State procurement contracts under which a contractor will develop
software applications, computer coding, or other intellectual property, that:
(1) authorizes the State to use the intellectual property for purposes of
the contract; and
(2) authorizes the contractor to use the intellectual property for
additional commercial purposes.
(b) When adopting provisions pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the
Secretary may include provisions authorizing the state to negotiate with a
contractor to secure license fees, royalty rights, or other payment mechanisms
for the contractor's additional commercial use of intellectual property
developed under a state contract.
§ 347. STATE CONTRACTING; INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY,
SOFTWARE DESIGN, AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY;
E-RFP PROCESS

1	(a) The Secretary of Administration shall adopt an e-RFP process to
2	provide knowledge-based businesses certified under subsection 2471a(c) of
3	this title with early electronic notice of requests for proposals and State
4	contracts to provide software design services, computer coding, or other
5	intellectual property-based services to State agencies and departments.
6	(b) The Secretary shall have the authority to require all State agencies and
7	departments to participate in the e-RFP process adopted pursuant to subsection
8	(a) of this section, and to adopt such policies and procedures as are necessary
9	to improve the transparency and function of the State procurement process in
10	order to increase the number of State contracts awarded to qualified
11	knowledge-based businesses certified by the Secretary of Commerce and
12	Community Development under subsection 2471a(c) of this title.
13	* * * Study; Effective Date * * *
14	Sec. 25. RESERVED
15	Sec. 26. STUDY; DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL REGULATION;
16	LICENSED LENDER REQUIREMENTS; COMMERCIAL
17	LENDERS
18	On or before January 15, 2015, the Department of Financial Regulation
19	shall evaluate and report to the House Committee on Commerce and Economic
20	Development and to the Senate Committees on Finance and on Economic
21	Development, Housing and General Affairs any statutory and regulatory

1	changes to the State's licensed lender requirements that are necessary to open
2	private capital markets and remove unnecessary barriers to business investment
3	in Vermont.
4	Sec. 27. RESERVED
5	* * * Tourism Funding * * *
6	Sec. 28. 10 V.S.A. § 668 is added to read:
7	§ 668. TOURISM FUNDING
8	(a) In addition to any other funds appropriated to the Department of
9	Tourism and Marketing, in each fiscal year, the General Assembly shall
10	appropriate to the Department of Tourism and Marketing 75 percent of the
11	amount by which the total meals and rooms tax revenue collected in the
12	immediately preceding fiscal year exceeds the total meals and rooms tax
13	revenue collected in the fiscal year two years preceding the current fiscal year.
14	(b) The additional amount appropriated in a fiscal year pursuant to this
15	section shall not exceed \$2,000,000.00.
16	* * * Land Use; Housing; Industrial Development * * *
17	Sec. 28A. ENTERPRISE ZONE; DESIGNATION; INCENTIVES
18	(a) Upon approval of the Commissioner of Housing and Community
19	Development, a regional planning commission shall have the authority to
20	designate as a Vermont Enterprise Zone one or more geographic areas within
21	its service area that, at minimum:

1	(1) has clearly defined boundaries that are zoned or permitted for
2	industrial use and has been approved by one or more municipalities in their
3	municipal plans to accommodate a share of the industrial growth anticipated by
4	the municipality or municipalities over a 20-year period;
5	(2) functions as a single, integrated area and provides functional
6	connections, namely connections to existing or planned public or private
7	infrastructure.
8	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the
9	developer of a project in an approved Vermont Enterprise Zone shall be
10	eligible for the following incentives:
11	(1) access to the loans and assistance available to a local development
12	corporation from the Vermont Economic Development Authority for the
13	creation or improvement of industrial parks under 10 V.S.A.
14	chapter 12, subchapter 3 (Industrial Parks, Speculative Buildings, and Small
15	Business Incubator Facilities);
16	(2) site planning assistance from the Department of Housing and
17	Community Development in an amount up to 50 percent of the project cost;
18	(3) financing of up to 50 percent of site acquisition and infrastructure
19	development costs from the Department of Housing and Community
20	Development, through grants, loans, or other mechanisms as determined by the

1	Commissioner of Housing and Community Development in his or her
2	discretion.
3	* * * Act 250; Exemption; Master Permitted Industrial Park * * *
4	Sec. 29. 10 V.S.A. § 6001(3)(D) is amended to read:
5	(D) The word "development" does not include:
6	* * *
7	(viii) The construction or modification of improvements for
8	industrial purposes, on a tract or tracts of land, owned or controlled by a
9	person, that lie entirely:
10	(I) within an industrial park defined in section 212 of this title
11	or a commercial park that:
12	(aa) the regional planning commission, with the approval of
13	the Commissioner of Housing and Community Development, has designated
14	as a Vermont Enterprise Zone under [INSERT STATUTE]; and
15	(bb) has obtained a master permit issued pursuant to this
16	chapter; and
17	(II) within a municipality that:
18	(aa) Has a duly adopted municipal plan regionally approved
19	pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 4350.
20	(bb) Has duly adopted permanent zoning and subdivision
21	bylaws necessary to implement the municipal plan.

1	(cc) Has adopted a development review board.
2	(dd) Has elected by ordinance, adopted under 24 V.S.A.
3	chapter 59, to have municipal jurisdiction under this subdivision (3)(D)(vi)
4	apply, in lieu of jurisdiction that would otherwise apply under this chapter. A
5	municipality that has elected by ordinance to exercise jurisdiction over
6	improvements under this subsection (viii) shall implement and enforce all
7	provisions and conditions of the applicable master permit.
8	Sec. 30. 10 V.S.A. § 6083(h) is added to read:
9	(h) Regulatory incentives; Vermont Enterprise Zones.
10	(1) Master plan permit application. A person who owns or controls an
11	area encompassing all or part of a Vermont Enterprise Zone designated under
12	[INSERT STATUTE] may apply to the District Commission for a master plan
13	permit for that area or any portion of that area pursuant to the procedures and
14	policies of the Natural Resources Board. However, a municipality may apply
15	under this subdivision without owning or controlling the affected property. In
16	approving a master permit, the District Commission may include conditions
17	that an applicant for an individual industrial project permit shall be required to
18	meet during the review by a Development Review Board in a municipality that
19	has elected by ordinance to assume such regulatory authority pursuant to
20	subdivision 6001(3)(D)(iv) of this title.

2	Development Review Board created pursuant 24 V.S.A. chapter 117 shall
3	review individual industrial permit applications within a Vermont Enterprise
4	Zone in accordance with the specific findings of fact and conclusions of law
5	determinations on the criteria of section 6086(a) of this title issued by the
6	District Environmental Commission in the applicable master plan permit. A
7	person proposing a development or subdivision within a Vermont Enterprise
8	Zone where no master plan permit is in effect shall be required to file an
9	application with the District Commission for review under the criteria of of
10	6086(a) of this title.
11	* * * Primary Agricultural Soils; Industrial Parks * * *
12	Sec. 31. 10 V.S.A. § 6093(a)(4) is amended to read:
13	(4) Industrial parks.
14	(A) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, a
15	conversion of primary agricultural soils located in an industrial park as defined
16	in subdivision 212(7) of this title and permitted under this chapter and in
17	existence as of January 1, 2006, shall be allowed to pay a mitigation fee
18	computed according to the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection,
19	except that it shall be entitled to a ratio of 1:1, protected acres to by
20	multiplying the acres of affected primary agricultural soil by the price-per-acre
21	value that the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets has determined to be

(2) Individual project permits within a Vermont Enterprise Zone. A

the recent, per-acre cost to acquire conservation easements for primary agricultural soils in the same geographic region as the industrial park. If an industrial park is developed to the fullest extent before any expansion, this ratio shall apply to any contiguous expansion of such an industrial park that totals no more than 25 percent of the area of the park or no more than 10 acres, whichever is larger; provided any expansion based on percentage does not exceed 50 acres. Any expansion larger than that described in this subdivision shall be subject to the mitigation provisions of this subsection at ratios that depend upon the location of the expansion.

(B) In any application to a district commission District Commission for expansion of an existing or for a new industrial park, compact development patterns shall be encouraged that assure ensure the most efficient use of land and the realization of maximum economic development potential through appropriate densities, taking into account any long-term needs for project expansion within the industrial park. Industrial park expansions and industrial park infill shall not be subject to requirements established in subdivision 6086(a)(9)(B)(iii) of this title, nor to requirements established in subdivision 6086(a)(9)(C)(iii).

1	Sec. 32. 10 V.S.A. § 6001 is amended to read:
2	§ 6001. DEFINITIONS
3	In this chapter:
4	* * *
5	(3)(A) "Development" means each of the following:
6	* * *
7	(B)(i) Smart Growth Jurisdictional Thresholds. Notwithstanding the
8	provisions of subdivision (3)(A) of this section, if a project consists
9	exclusively of mixed income housing or mixed use, or any combination
10	thereof, and is located entirely within a growth center designated pursuant to
11	24 V.S.A. 2793c or, entirely within a downtown development district
12	designated pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 2793, or entirely within a village center that
13	is also a neighborhood development area and both the center and area are
14	designated under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A, "development" means:
15	(I) Construction of mixed income housing with $\frac{200}{275}$ or
16	more housing units or a mixed use project with 200 275 or more housing units,
17	in a municipality with a population of 15,000 or more.
18	(II) Construction of mixed income housing with $\frac{100}{150}$ or
19	more housing units or a mixed use project with 100 150 or more housing units,
20	in a municipality with a population of 10,000 or more but less than 15,000.

1	(III) Construction of mixed income housing with $50 \frac{75}{10}$ or more
2	housing units or a mixed use project with $50 \frac{75}{10}$ or more housing units, in a
3	municipality with a population of 6,000 or more and less than 10,000.
4	(IV) Construction of mixed income housing with 30 or more
5	housing units or a mixed use project with 30 or more housing units, in a
6	municipality with a population of 3,000 or more but less than 6,000.
7	(V) Construction of mixed income housing with 25 or more
8	housing units or a mixed use project with 25 or more housing units, in a
9	municipality with a population of less than 3,000.
10	(VI) Historic Buildings. Construction of 10 or more units of
11	mixed income housing or a mixed use project with 10 or more housing units
12	where if the construction involves the demolition of one or more buildings that
13	are listed on or eligible to be listed on the State or National Register of Historic
14	Places. However, demolition shall not be considered to create jurisdiction
15	under this subdivision if the Division for Historic Preservation has determined
16	the proposed demolition will have: no adverse effect; no adverse effect
17	provided that specified conditions are met; or, will have an adverse effect, but
18	that adverse effect will be adequately mitigated. Any imposed conditions shall
19	be enforceable through a grant condition, deed covenant, or other legally
20	binding document.

1	(ii) Mixed Income Housing Jurisdictional Thresholds.
2	Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (3)(A) of this section, if a
3	project consists exclusively of mixed income housing and is located entirely
4	within a Vermont neighborhood designated pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 2793d or a
5	neighborhood development area as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2791(16),
6	"development" means:
7	(I) Construction of mixed income housing with $\frac{200}{275}$ or
8	more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 15,000 or more.
9	(II) Construction of mixed income housing with $\frac{100}{150}$ or
10	more housing units, in a municipality with a population of 10,000 or more but
11	less than 15,000.
12	(III) Construction of mixed income housing with $50 \frac{75}{10}$ or more
13	housing units, in a municipality with a population of 6,000 or more and less
14	than 10,000.
15	(IV) Construction of mixed income housing with 30 or more
16	housing units, in a municipality with a population of 3,000 or more but less
17	than 6,000.
18	(V) Construction of mixed income housing with 25 or more
19	housing units, in a municipality with a population of less than 3,000.
20	(VI) Historic Buildings. Construction of 10 or more units of
21	mixed income housing where if the construction involves the demolition of one

1	or more buildings that are listed on or eligible to be listed on the State or
2	National Register of Historic Places. However, demolition shall not be
3	considered to create jurisdiction under this subdivision if the Division for
4	Historic Preservation has determined the proposed demolition will have: no
5	adverse effect; no adverse effect provided that specified conditions are met; or
6	will have an adverse effect, but that adverse effect will be adequately
7	mitigated. Any imposed conditions shall be enforceable through a grant
8	condition, deed covenant, or other legally binding document.
9	(C) For the purposes of determining jurisdiction under subdivisions
10	(3)(A) and (3)(B) of this section, the following shall apply:
11	(i) Incentive for Growth Inside Designated Areas.
12	(I) Notwithstanding subdivision (3)(A)(iv) of this section,
13	housing units constructed by a person partially or the determination of
14	jurisdiction over a discrete housing project that is located completely outside
15	inside a designated downtown development district, designated growth center,
16	designated Vermont neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development
17	area shall not be counted to determine jurisdiction over housing units
18	constructed by that person entirely within a designated downtown developmen
19	district, designated growth center, designated Vermont neighborhood, or
20	designated neighborhood development area count only the housing units
21	included in that discrete project.

1	(II) Notwithstanding subdivision (3)(A) of this section,
2	improvements within a downtown development district designated under
3	24 V.S.A. § 2793 shall be treated as exempt from the requirement to obtain a
4	permit under section 6081 of this title if there is compliance with a final
5	jurisdictional opinion issued under section 6007 of this title that concludes that
6	the improvements constitute a development or subdivision or a material change
7	to a permitted project and that the requestor has demonstrated each of the
8	following:
9	(aa) The State Historic Preservation Officer or designee has
10	determined that the improvements will have no undue adverse effect on any
11	historic site.
12	(bb) The improvements will meet or exceed the applicable
13	energy conservation and building energy standards under subdivision
14	6086(a)(9) of this title.
15	(cc) The Secretary of Transportation or designee has
16	determined that the improvements will have no significant impact on any
17	highway, transportation facility, or other land or structure under the Secretary's
18	jurisdiction.
19	(dd) The Commissioner of Buildings and General Services
20	or designee has determined that the improvements will have no significant

1	impact on any adjacent land or facilities under the Commissioner's
2	jurisdiction.
3	(ee) The Agency of Natural Resources has determined that
4	the project will have no significant impact on any land or facilities under its
5	jurisdiction or on any important natural resources, other than primary
6	agricultural soils. In this subdivision (ee), important natural resources shall
7	have the same meaning as under 24 V.S.A. § 2791.
8	(ff) The Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets or
9	designee has determined that the improvements will not reduce or convert
10	primary agricultural soils or that there will be appropriate mitigation for any
11	reduction in or conversion of those soils.
12	(ii) Five-Year, Five-Mile Radius Jurisdiction Analysis. Within
13	any continuous period of five years, housing units constructed by a person
14	entirely within a designated downtown district, designated growth center,
15	designated Vermont neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development
16	area shall be counted together with housing units constructed by that person
17	partially or completely outside a designated downtown development district,
18	designated growth center, designated Vermont neighborhood, or designated
19	neighborhood development area to determine jurisdiction over the housing
20	units constructed by a person partially or completely outside the designated
21	downtown development district, designated growth center, designated Vermont

1	neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development area and within a
2	five-mile radius in accordance with subdivision (3)(A)(iv) of this section.
3	(iii) Discrete Housing Projects in Designated Areas and Exclusive
4	Counting for Housing Units. Notwithstanding subdivisions (3)(A)(iv) and (19)
5	of this section, jurisdiction shall be determined exclusively by counting
6	housing units constructed by a person within a designated downtown
7	development district, designated growth center, designated Vermont
8	neighborhood, or designated neighborhood development area, provided that
9	the housing units are part of a discrete project located on a single tract or
10	multiple contiguous tracts of land. [Repealed.]
11	* * *
12	(27) "Mixed income housing" means a housing project in which the
13	following apply:
14	(A) Owner-occupied housing. At the option of the applicant,
15	owner-occupied housing may be characterized by either of the following:
16	(i) at least 15 percent of the housing units have a purchase price
17	which at the time of first sale does not exceed 85 percent of the new
18	construction, targeted area purchase price limits established and published
19	annually by the Vermont Housing Finance Agency; or
20	(ii) at least 20 percent of the housing units have a purchase price
21	which at the time of first sale does not exceed 90 percent of the new

construction, targeted area purchase price limits established and published annually by the Vermont Housing Finance Agency;

- (B) Affordable Rental Housing. At least 20 percent of the housing units that is are rented by the occupants whose gross annual household income does not exceed 60 80 percent of the county median income, or 60 80 percent of the standard metropolitan statistical area income if the municipality is located in such an area, as defined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for use with the Housing Credit Program under Section 42(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the total annual cost of the housing, as defined at Section 42(g)(2)(B), is not more than 30 percent of the gross annual household income as defined at Section 42(g)(2)(C), and with a duration of affordability of no less than 30 20 years.
- (28) "Mixed use" means construction of both mixed income housing and construction of space for any combination of retail, office, services, artisan, and recreational and community facilities, provided at least 40 percent of the gross floor area of the buildings involved is mixed income housing. "Mixed use" does not include industrial use.
 - (29) "Affordable housing" means either of the following:
- (A) Housing that is owned by its occupants whose gross annual household income does not exceed 80 percent of the county median income, or 80 percent of the standard metropolitan statistical area income if the

1	municipality is located in such an area, as defined by the United States
2	Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the total annual cost of
3	the housing, including principal, interest, taxes, insurance, and condominium
4	association fees, is not more than 30 percent of the gross annual household
5	income.
6	(B) Housing that is rented by the occupants whose gross annual
7	household income does not exceed 80 percent of the county median income, or
8	80 percent of the standard metropolitan statistical area income if the
9	municipality is located in such an area, as defined by the United States
10	Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the total annual cost of
11	the housing, including rent, utilities, and condominium association fees, is not
12	more than 30 percent of the gross annual household income.
13	* * *
14	Sec. 33. 2013 Acts and Resolves No. 87, Sec. 8 is amended to read:
15	Sec. 8. INVESTMENT OF STATE MONIES
16	The Treasurer is hereby authorized to establish a short-term credit facility
17	for the benefit of the Vermont Economic Development Authority in an amount
18	of up to \$10,000,000.00.

1	* * * Licensed Lender Requirements; Exemption for De Minimis
2	Lending Activity * * *
3	Sec. 34. 8 V.S.A. § 2201 is amended to read:
4	2201. LICENSES REQUIRED
5	(a) No person shall without first obtaining a license under this chapter from
6	the commissioner Commissioner:
7	(1) engage in the business of making loans of money, credit, goods, or
8	things in action and charge, contract for, or receive on any such loan interest, a
9	finance charge, discount, or consideration therefore therefor;
10	(2) act as a mortgage broker;
11	(3) engage in the business of a mortgage loan originator; or
12	(4) act as a sales finance company.
13	(b) Each licensed mortgage loan originator must register with and maintain
14	a valid unique identifier with the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
15	Registry and must be either:
16	(1) an employee actively employed at a licensed location of, and
17	supervised and sponsored by, only one licensed lender or licensed mortgage
18	broker operating in this state State;
19	(2) an individual sole proprietor who is also a licensed lender or licensed
20	mortgage broker; or

(3) an employee engaged in loan modifications employed at a licensed
location of, and supervised and sponsored by, only one third-party loan
servicer licensed to operate in this state State pursuant to chapter 85 of this
title. For purposes of As used in this subsection, "loan modification" means an
adjustment or compromise of an existing residential mortgage loan. The term
"loan modification" does not include a refinancing transaction.
(c) A person licensed pursuant to subdivision (a)(1) of this section may

- engage in mortgage brokerage and sales finance if such person informs the eommissioner Commissioner in advance that he or she intends to engage in sales finance and mortgage brokerage. Such person shall inform the eommissioner Commissioner of his or her intention on the original license application under section 2202 of this title, any renewal application under section 2209 of this title, or pursuant to section 2208 of this title, and shall pay the applicable fees required by subsection 2202(b) of this title for a mortgage broker license or sales finance company license.
- (d) No lender license, mortgage broker license, or sales finance company license shall be required of:
- (1) a <u>state State</u> agency, political subdivision, or other public instrumentality of the <u>state State</u>;
- (2) a federal agency or other public instrumentality of the United States;

1	(3) a gas or electric utility subject to the jurisdiction of the public servic
2	board Public Service Board engaging in energy conservation or safety loans;
3	(4) a depository institution or a financial institution as defined in
4	8 V.S.A. § 11101(32);
5	(5) a pawnbroker;
6	(6) an insurance company;
7	(7) a seller of goods or services that finances the sale of such goods or
8	services, other than a residential mortgage loan;
9	(8) any individual who offers or negotiates the terms of a residential
10	mortgage loan secured by a dwelling that served as the individual's residence,
11	including a vacation home, or inherited property that served as the deceased's
12	dwelling, provided that the individual does not act as a mortgage loan
13	originator or provide financing for such sales so frequently and under such
14	circumstances that it constitutes a habitual activity and acting in a commercial
15	context;
16	(9) lenders that conduct their lending activities, other than residential
17	mortgage loan activities, through revolving loan funds, that are nonprofit
18	organizations exempt from taxation under Section 501(c) of the Internal
19	Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 501(c), and that register with the commissioner of
20	economic development Commissioner of Economic Development under
21	10 V.S.A. § 690a;

1	(10) persons who lend, other than residential mortgage loans, an
2	aggregate of less than \$75,000.00 in any one year at rates of interest of no
3	more than 12 percent per annum;
4	(11) a seller who, pursuant to 9 V.S.A. § 2355(f)(1)(D), includes the
5	amount paid or to be paid by the seller to discharge a security interest, lien
6	interest, or lease interest on the traded-in motor vehicle in a motor vehicle
7	retail installment sales contract, provided that the contract is purchased,
8	assigned, or otherwise acquired by a sales finance company licensed pursuant
9	to this title to purchase motor vehicle retail installment sales contracts or a
10	depository institution;
11	(12)(A) a person making an unsecured commercial loan, which loan is
12	expressly subordinate to the prior payment of all senior indebtedness of the
13	commercial borrower regardless of whether such senior indebtedness exists at
14	the time of the loan or arises thereafter. The loan may or may not include the
15	right to convert all or a portion of the amount due on the loan to an equity
16	interest in the commercial borrower;
17	(B) for purposes of <u>as used in</u> this subdivision (12), "senior
18	indebtedness" means:
19	(i) all indebtedness of the commercial borrower for money
20	borrowed from depository institutions, trust companies, insurance companies,
21	and licensed lenders, and any guarantee thereof; and

2	lender and the commercial borrower agree shall constitute senior indebtedness;
3	(13) nonprofit organizations established under testamentary instruments,
4	exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5	26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3), and which make loans for postsecondary educational
6	costs to students and their parents, provided that the organizations provide
7	annual accountings to the Probate Division of the Superior Court;
8	(14) any individual who offers or negotiates terms of a residential
9	mortgage loan with or on behalf of an immediate family member of the
10	individual;
11	(15) a housing finance agency;
12	(16) a person who makes no more than three residential mortgage loans
13	in any consecutive three-year period beginning on or after July 1, 2011.
	in any consecutive three-year period beginning on or after July 1, 2011. (e) No mortgage loan originator license shall be required of:
13	
13 14	(e) No mortgage loan originator license shall be required of:
13 14 15	(e) No mortgage loan originator license shall be required of:(1) Registered mortgage loan originators, when employed by and acting
13 14 15 16	(e) No mortgage loan originator license shall be required of:(1) Registered mortgage loan originators, when employed by and acting for an entity described in subdivision 2200(22) of this chapter.
13 14 15 16 17	 (e) No mortgage loan originator license shall be required of: (1) Registered mortgage loan originators, when employed by and acting for an entity described in subdivision 2200(22) of this chapter. (2) Any individual who offers or negotiates terms of a residential
13 14 15 16 17 18	 (e) No mortgage loan originator license shall be required of: (1) Registered mortgage loan originators, when employed by and acting for an entity described in subdivision 2200(22) of this chapter. (2) Any individual who offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan with or on behalf of an immediate family member of the

(ii) any other indebtedness of the commercial borrower that the

- including a vacation home, or inherited property that served as the deceased's dwelling, provided that the individual does not act as a mortgage loan originator or provide financing for such sales so frequently and under such circumstances that it constitutes a habitual activity and acting in a commercial context.
- (4) An individual who is an employee of a federal, state State, or local government agency, or an employee of a housing finance agency, who acts as a mortgage loan originator only pursuant to his or her official duties as an employee of the federal, state State, or local government agency or housing finance agency.
- (5) A licensed attorney who negotiates the terms of a residential mortgage loan on behalf of a client as an ancillary matter to the attorney's representation of the client, unless the attorney is compensated by a lender, a mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator or by any agent of such lender, mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator. To the extent an attorney licensed in this State undertakes activities that are covered by the definition of a mortgage loan originator, such activities do not constitute engaging in the business of a mortgage loan originator, provided that:
- (A) such activities are considered by the State governing body responsible for regulating the practice of law to be part of the authorized practice of law within this State;

1	(B) such activities are carried out within an attorney-client
2	relationship; and
3	(C) the attorney carries them out in compliance with all applicable
4	laws, rules, ethics, and standards.
5	(f) If a person who offers or negotiates the terms of a residential mortgage
6	loan is exempt from licensure pursuant to subdivision (d)(16) of this section,
7	there is a rebuttable presumption that he or she is not engaged in the business
8	of a mortgage loan originator.
9	(g) Independent contractor loan processors or underwriters. A loan
10	processor or underwriter who is an independent contractor may not engage in
11	the activities of a loan processor or underwriter unless such independent
12	contractor loan processor or underwriter obtains and maintains a mortgage loan
13	originator license. Each independent contractor loan processor or underwriter
14	licensed as a mortgage loan originator must have and maintain a valid unique
15	identifier issued by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
16	(g)(h) This chapter shall not apply to commercial loans of \$1,000,000.00 or
17	more.
18	* * * Regional Economic Development * * *
19	Sec. 9. 24 V.S.A. § 2784 is amended to read:
20	2784. TERMS OF PERFORMANCE CONTRACTS

1	(a)(1) Funds available under a performance contract may only be used by
2	an applicant to perform the duties or provide the services set forth in the
3	performance contract.
4	(2) The amount and terms of the performance contract award shall be
5	determined by the parties to the contract.
6	(b) A performance contract shall be made for a period agreed to by the
7	parties.
8	(c) Payments to a service provider shall be made pursuant to the terms of
9	the performance contract.
10	(d) The Secretary shall include in each performance contract a provision for
11	one or more incentive payments that are contingent upon the number and type
12	of new jobs created by, and attributable to, the performance of the service
13	provider.
14	* * * Effective Date * * *
15	Sec. X. EFFECTIVE DATE
16	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.
17	
18	(Committee vote:)
19	
20	Senator [surname]
21	FOR THE COMMITTEE